

# Directions from Chief Health Officer in accordance with emergency powers arising from declared state of emergency

## Stay Safe Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 5)

*Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008 (Vic)*

Section 200

I, Adjunct Clinical Professor Brett Sutton, Chief Health Officer, consider it reasonably necessary to eliminate or reduce the risk to public health—and reasonably necessary to protect public health—to give the following directions pursuant to section 200(1)(b) and (d) of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008 (Vic) (PHW Act)**:

### PART 1 — PRELIMINARY

#### 1 Preamble

- (1) The purpose of these directions is to address the serious public health risk posed to Victoria by Novel Coronavirus 2019 (**2019-nCoV**).
- (2) For the purposes of these directions, the **Relevant Area** means the area of Victoria outside the **Restricted Area**. More specific directions apply to those people who ordinarily reside in the Restricted Area.
- (3) These directions require everyone who ordinarily resides in the Relevant Area to:
  - (a) restrict the circumstances in which they may leave the Relevant Area; and
  - (b) wear **face coverings**; and
  - (c) limit interactions with others by restricting gatherings.
- (4) These directions must be read together with the **Directions currently in force**.
- (5) These directions replace the **Stay Safe Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 4)** to permit people to visit others for limited social gatherings and undertake **approved emergency preparation activities**.

#### 2 Citation

These directions may be referred to as the **Stay Safe Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 5)**.

#### 3 Revocation

The **Stay Safe Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 4)** are revoked at 11:59:00pm on 18 October 2020.

#### 4 Stay safe period

For the purposes of these directions, the **stay safe period** is the period beginning at 11:59:00pm on 18 October 2020 and ending at 11:59:00pm on 8 November 2020.

### PART 2 — STAY SAFE

#### 5 Direction — staying safe while leaving the home

##### *Leaving the home*

- (1) A person who ordinarily resides in the Relevant Area during the stay safe period may leave the **premises** where the person ordinarily resides for any reason subject to subclause (2).
- (2) When leaving their premises, a person:
  - (a) must not travel to the Restricted Area other than in accordance with subclauses (3) to (5); and
  - (b) must comply with the face covering requirements in subclauses (11) and (12); and
  - (c) if leaving the premises where they ordinarily reside for work or education, must only do so if in accordance with clause 6 (**work or education**); and
  - (d) must comply with the restrictions on gatherings in clause 7 (**gatherings**); and
  - (e) must comply with the Directions currently in force, including (without limitation) by:
    - (i) not engaging in an activity that is prohibited under the **Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 8)**; and
    - (ii) only engaging in an activity permitted under the **Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 8)** in accordance with any requirements set out in those directions.

*Note 1: a person should take reasonable steps to maintain a distance of 1.5 metres from all other persons (except those people with whom they ordinarily reside) when leaving their premises, and should practise hand hygiene in accordance with the Department of Health and Human Services' guidelines as updated from time to time, available at: [www.dhhs.vic.gov.au/staying-safe-covid-19](http://www.dhhs.vic.gov.au/staying-safe-covid-19).*

*Note 2: if a person experiences a temperature higher than 37.5 degrees or symptoms of respiratory infection, they are strongly encouraged to get a test for 2019-nCoV and remain at their ordinary place of residence until they obtain their test result. If they are diagnosed with 2019-nCoV, they must self-isolate in accordance with the **Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions (No 12)**.*

*Requirement to stay outside the Restricted Area*

- (3) Subject to subclauses (4) and (5), a person who ordinarily resides in the Relevant Area during the stay safe period must not travel to the Restricted Area other than for one or more of the reasons specified in:
- (a) clause 6 (**necessary goods or services**);
  - (b) clause 7 (**care or other compassionate reasons**);
  - (c) clause 8 (**work or education**);
  - (d) clause 10 (**other specified reasons**), provided that they must not do so to attend a residential or commercial property inspection or auction in the Restricted Area under clause 10(1)(j)(i), (ii) or (k),

of, and provided they comply with the requirements set out in, the **Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 19)**.

- (3A) Subject to subclauses (4) and (5), a person who ordinarily resides in the Relevant Area during the stay safe period may travel through the Restricted Area in order to travel to another part of the Relevant Area if necessary, but may only stop in the Restricted Area for one or more of the reasons specified in subclause (3).
- (4) If a person who ordinarily resides in the Relevant Area enters the Restricted Area in accordance with subclauses (3), (3A) or (5), the **Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 19)** and the **Restricted Activity Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 13)** apply to that person when they are in the Restricted Area.

*Principal place of residence*

- (5) If a person has an ordinary place of residence in each of the Relevant Area and the Restricted Area, the person must choose one of these residences to be their principal place of residence for the duration of the stay safe period. If the person chooses an ordinary place of residence in the Relevant Area, they must not leave to go to any other ordinary place of residence in the Restricted Area except:
- (a) for the purposes of (and provided they comply with) clause 6 (**work or education**); or
  - (b) to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting arrangements or family contact arrangements, whether the arrangements are under a court order or otherwise; or
  - (c) for emergency maintenance of the other residence; or
  - (d) for approved emergency preparation activities (together with any other person or people who ordinarily reside with them or any immediate family member), provided they are in accordance with the Directions currently in force and the **emergency preparation activities approval** which applies to those activities or that person; or
  - (e) for emergency purposes (other than emergency maintenance or emergency preparation activities); or

- (f) as required or authorised by law.

*Example: a person has an ordinary place of residence in the Restricted Area and two other ordinary places of residence in the Relevant Area. If their chosen principal place of residence is in the Relevant Area, they can go to their other residence in the Relevant Area, but they cannot go to their other residence in the Restricted Area except in accordance with subclause (5).*

#### *Ordinary place of residence*

- (6) Subject to subclauses (7) and (8), subclause (5) does not apply to a person at any time during the stay safe period when the person:
- (a) no longer has an ordinary place of residence in the Relevant Area; or
  - (b) has an ordinary place of residence in the Relevant Area, but that place is temporarily unavailable or is unavailable because of a risk of harm (including harm relating to family violence or violence of another person at the premises).
- (7) If a suitable premises is made available for a person identified in subclause (6) to reside at for the stay safe period (or part thereof), that premises is taken to be the person's ordinary place of residence for the stay safe period (or part thereof).
- (8) If subclause (6) applies, if a person has another ordinary place of residence in the Restricted Area and can choose such residence to be their principal place of residence for the duration of the stay safe period (or part thereof), that residence is taken to be the person's principal place of residence and subclause (5) and the **Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 19)** apply accordingly.
- (9) If a person's ordinary place of residence is outside Victoria, the premises where that person is temporarily residing in Victoria during the stay safe period (or part thereof) is taken to be the person's ordinary place of residence for the period (or part thereof).
- (10) If, during the stay safe period, a person moves from the premises at which they ordinarily reside to a new premises, the new premises is taken to be the premises at which the person ordinarily resides from midnight on the day that the person moves.

*Example: subclause (10) applies if a person sells their ordinary place of residence, buys a new ordinary place of residence and wishes to move between them. Otherwise, movement between multiple ordinary places of residence is regulated by subclause (5).*

#### *Face covering requirements*

- (11) A person may only leave the premises under subclause (1), (3) or (5) if they:
- (a) wear a face covering at all times; and
  - (b) if subclause (12) (other than subclause (12)(a), (c), (d) or (e)) applies, carry a face covering at all other times.

*Note: face shields on their own do not meet the face covering requirements. For further information, please refer to the Department of Health and Human Services' guidelines available at: [www.dhhs.vic.gov.au/face-masks-vic-covid-19](http://www.dhhs.vic.gov.au/face-masks-vic-covid-19).*

- (12) Subclause (11)(a) does not apply if:
- (a) the person is an infant or a child under the age of 12 years; or
  - (b) the person is a student while onsite at a primary school or outside school hours care; or
  - (c) the person is a **prisoner** in a **prison** (either in their cell or common areas), subject to any policies of that prison; or
  - (d) the person is detained in a **remand centre**, **youth residential centre** or **youth justice centre** (either in their room or common areas), subject to any policies of that centre; or
  - (e) the person has a physical or mental health illness or condition, or disability, which makes wearing a face covering unsuitable; or  
*Examples: persons who have obstructed breathing, a serious skin condition on their face, an intellectual disability, a mental health illness, or who have experienced trauma.*
  - (f) the person is communicating with a person who is deaf or hard of hearing and visibility of the mouth is essential for communication; or
  - (g) the nature of a person's work or education means that wearing a face covering creates a risk to their health and safety; or
  - (h) the nature of a person's work or education means that clear enunciation or visibility of the mouth is essential; or  
*Examples: teaching, lecturing, broadcasting.*
  - (i) the person is working by themselves in an enclosed **indoor space** (unless and until another person enters that indoor space); or  
*Example: a person working by themselves in an office.*
  - (j) the person is working by themselves in an **outdoor space**, provided no other person is also in the outdoor space (except a person who ordinarily resides at the same premises with them); or  
*Example: a farmer working by themselves in a field or with their family who lives with them.*
  - (k) the person is one of two persons being married while in the process of being married; or
  - (l) the person is a professional sports person when training or competing; or
  - (m) the person is engaged in any strenuous physical exercise; or  
*Examples: jogging, running.*
  - (n) the person is travelling in a **vehicle** by themselves or where each other person in the vehicle ordinarily resides at the same premises; or

- (o) the person is riding a bicycle or motorcycle; or
- (p) the person is consuming food, drink or medicine; or
- (q) the person is smoking or vaping (including e-cigarettes) while stationary; or
- (r) the person is undergoing dental or medical care or treatment to the extent that such care or treatment requires that no face covering be worn; or
- (s) the person is receiving a service from a facility which is permitted to operate under, and is operating in accordance with, the **Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 8)**, to the extent that it is not reasonably practicable to receive that service wearing a face covering; or
 

*Example: when having your photo taken by a professional photographer.*
- (t) the person is asked to remove the face covering to ascertain identity; or
 

*Examples: a person may be asked by police, security, bank or post office staff to remove a face covering to ascertain identity or when purchasing alcohol or cigarettes.*
- (u) for emergency purposes (other than emergency maintenance or emergency preparation activities, unless another exception under this subclause (12) applies); or
- (v) required or authorised by law; or
- (w) doing so is not safe in all the circumstances.

### PART 3 — WORK OR EDUCATION

#### 6 Leaving premises to attend work or education

- (1) Subject to subclauses (2) and (3), a person who ordinarily resides in the Relevant Area may leave the premises to:
  - (a) attend work (whether paid or voluntary, including for charitable or religious purposes); or
 

*Note: a person who works in the Restricted Area must hold a **Permitted Worker Permit** in accordance with, and comply with, the **Permitted Worker Permit Scheme Directions (No 7)**.*
  - (b) obtain educational services (which includes going to **school** including outside school hours care or another educational facility or institution); or
  - (c) do anything necessary to attend that work or obtain those educational services including, but not limited to, taking a child to:
    - (i) a **childcare or early childhood service**, a school (including outside school hours care) or another educational facility or institution; or

- (ii) another person's premises for child-minding.
- (2) A person may leave the premises under subclause (1)(a) only if it is not reasonably practicable for the person to work from the premises.
- (3) A person may leave the premises under subclause (1)(b) only:
  - (a) for school educational services (including at a school or non-school senior secondary provider and outside school hours care services) if the person:
    - (i) is enrolled at a school in the Relevant Area; or
    - (ii) is enrolled in a special school in either the Relevant Area or the Restricted Area; or
    - (iii) is enrolled at a school in the Restricted Area, provided that onsite schooling or assessments for their grade or year has resumed in accordance with the **Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 19)**; or
  - (b) for higher education services:
    - (i) in the Relevant Area, or
    - (ii) in the Restricted Area if they are a permitted higher education student in accordance with the **Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 19)**,

where it is not reasonably practicable for the person to obtain the higher education services from the premises where they ordinarily reside.

## PART 4 — GATHERINGS

### 7 Restrictions on gatherings

#### *Private gatherings*

- (1) During the stay safe period, a person who ordinarily resides in the Relevant Area must not permit another person from the Relevant Area to enter the premises at which they ordinarily reside (whether or not entering any building on the premises).
 

*Note: a person who ordinarily resides in the Relevant Area must not gather with another person from the Restricted Area except in accordance with clauses 5(3) and (5) and 7(4).*
- (2) Subclause (1) does not operate to prevent any person entering the premises:
  - (a) if the other person also ordinarily resides at the premises; or
  - (b) if permitted under, and provided they comply with the requirements of, the Directions currently in force; or
  - (c) to attend or undertake work or education services in accordance with clause 6 (work or education); or

*Note: this includes a person who provides professional respite care for carers of people with complex needs, where that professional is permitted to work in accordance with the Directions currently in force.*

*Example: a tradesperson for the purpose of carrying out repairs.*

- (d) to provide childcare, child-minding, early childhood education, schooling or education services (whether paid or on a voluntary basis); or
- (e) if that person is a parent or guardian of a child who ordinarily resides at the premises, to visit that child; or
- (f) to provide care and support to a relative or other person who ordinarily resides at the premises and:
  - (i) who has particular needs because of age, infirmity, disability, illness or a chronic health condition; or
  - (ii) because of matters relating to the relative or other person's health (including mental health or pregnancy); or
- (g) to visit someone who ordinarily resides at those premises and with whom they are in an intimate personal relationship; or

*Note: people in an intimate personal relationship may stay overnight at each other's ordinary places of residence, and are not required to wear a face covering while visiting each other at those premises, provided they otherwise comply with these directions.*

- (h) if the person is visiting for a social gathering, provided that there is no one else at the premises except for:
  - (i) those persons who ordinarily reside at those premises and any other persons with whom those people are in an intimate personal relationship; and
  - (ii) no more than one other persons who is visiting for a social gathering; and
  - (iii) any infant under one year of age of a person visiting for a social gathering; and
  - (iv) any child or dependant permitted to accompany a person in accordance with subclause (3),

and provided that the premises does not have more than two visitors for a social gathering each day; or

*Note 1: under subclause (h), only 2 people may visit for a social gathering each day, with any infant under one year of age and any child or dependant permitted to accompany such people under subclause (3) not counting towards this limit.*

*Note 2: in accordance with clause 5(3), a person who ordinarily resides in the Relevant Area may not enter the Restricted Area for this purpose. The **Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 19)** provides that a person who ordinarily resides in the Restricted Area may not enter the Relevant Area for this purpose either.*



*Note 3: if a person was part of a household bubble under the **Stay Safe Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 4)**, that system has now ended.*

- (i) to attend an inspection of real estate for the purposes of a prospective sale or rental of the property, organised in accordance with any requirements in the **Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 8)**; or
- (j) for the purpose of moving to the premises as the place where they will ordinarily reside; or
- (k) to escape harm or the risk of harm, including harm relating to family violence or violence of another person; or
- (l) for medical or emergency purposes (other than emergency maintenance or emergency preparation activities); or
- (m) for purposes relating to the administration of justice; or
- (n) as required or authorised by law; or
- (o) for the purposes of **national security**.

*Note: subclause (1) does not apply to a **care facility**, as defined in the **Care Facilities Directions (No 14)**. Access and visits to care facilities are regulated by those directions.*

- (3) If a person permitted to enter the premises under subclause (2) is a parent, guardian or carer of a child or dependant, and they cannot access alternative care arrangements (whether on a paid or voluntary basis) or leave their child or dependent unattended so that they can enter the premises in accordance with subclause (2) without the child or dependant, then the child or dependant may accompany that person when entering the premises in accordance with subclause (2).
- (4) During the stay safe period, a person who ordinarily resides in the Relevant Area must not permit another person from the Restricted Area to enter the premises at which they ordinarily reside (whether or not entering any building on the premises) unless that other person is entering the premises for one or more of the purposes specified in:
  - (a) clause 7 (**care or other compassionate reasons**);
  - (b) clause 8 (**work or education**);
  - (c) clause 10 (**other specified reasons**),

of, and provided they comply with the requirements set out in, the **Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 19)**.

#### *Public gatherings*

- (5) During the stay safe period, a person in the Relevant Area must not arrange to meet, or organise or intentionally attend a gathering of, more than 9 other persons (with any infant under one year of age not counting towards this limit) for a common purpose at a public place, except:

*Note 1: under subclause (5), the limit on the number of people who may meet in a public place at any one time is 10.*

*Note 2: two or more groups of 10 cannot meet for a common purpose at a public place. In addition, a group in a public place must take reasonable steps to maintain a safe distance from any other groups in that public place.*

*Note 3: subclause (5) does not prevent a person attending a public place (for example, a shopping centre) for a purpose (for example, shopping), where other people are also likely to be attending that public place for a similar purpose. It prevents people from attending a public place intending to gather with other people for a common purpose (for example, meeting family or friends at the shopping centre).*

- (a) where each other person ordinarily resides at the same premises; or
- (b) for the purpose of a religious gathering (including ceremonies) outdoors with no more than 19 other persons plus one faith leader, provided they comply with any requirements of the **Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 8)**; or
- (c) for the purpose of attending a wedding in the Relevant Area that complies with the requirements in subclause (6); or

*Note: a person who ordinarily resides in the Relevant Area must not attend a wedding in the Restricted Area, except as a celebrant who may enter the Restricted Area under clause 5(3)(c).*

- (d) for the purpose of attending a funeral that complies with the requirements in subclause (7); or
- (e) for the purpose of attending **end of life** activity that complies with the requirements in subclause (8); or
- (f) it is necessary to arrange a meeting or organise a gathering for one or more of the following purposes:
  - (i) engaging in an activity permitted under, and provided they comply with any requirements of, the **Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 8)**; or
  - (ii) to attend or undertake work or education services in accordance with clause 6; or
  - (iii) medical or emergency purposes (other than emergency maintenance or emergency preparation activities); or
  - (iv) purposes as required or authorised by law; or
  - (v) purposes relating to the administration of justice.

*Note: a person may leave the premises at which they ordinarily reside using transport (public or private) regardless of how many people are on the tram, train, or bus or in the vehicle.*

#### *Weddings, funerals and end of life activities*

- (6) The requirements for a wedding held in the Relevant Area are that:
  - (a) it involves only:
    - (i) the two persons being married; and

- (ii) the **authorised celebrant**; and
  - (iii) no more than 8 other guests, including the two persons witnessing the marriage for the purposes of section 44 of the **Marriage Act 1961** of the Commonwealth; and
- (b) in any case (other than at a person's ordinary place of residence), the total number of members of the public present at the same time in the space must not exceed the density quotient; and
- (c) if held at a person's ordinary place of residence, it must comply with the gathering restriction in subclauses (1) and (2)(a), (c), (g) and (h).

*Note 1: record keeping requirements apply to weddings as set out in the **Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 8)**.*

*Note 2: the requirements for a wedding held in the Restricted Area are set out in the **Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 19)**.*

- (7) The requirements for a funeral held in the Relevant Area are that:
- (a) it involves no more than 20 members of the public (with any infant under one year of age not counting towards this limit) regardless of whether it is held in an outdoor space or indoor space; and
  - (b) in any case (other than at a person's ordinary place of residence), the total number of members of the public present at the same time in the space must not exceed the density quotient; and
  - (c) if held at a person's ordinary place of residence, it must comply with the gathering restriction in subclauses (1) and (2)(a), (c), (g) and (h).

*Note 1: record keeping requirements apply to funerals as set out in the **Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne) (No 8)**.*

*Note 2: the requirements for a funeral held in the Restricted Area are set out in the **Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 19)**.*

- (8) The requirements for end of life activity in the Relevant Area are that:
- (a) if a person is experiencing end of life, that person or someone on their behalf may apply to the Chief Health Officer or the Deputy Chief Health Officer for permission to conduct an end of life activity; and
 

*Examples: a patient is deteriorating and death is expected soon; a patient may be commenced on a care plan for the dying; a person is unlikely to be discharged if they are admitted to hospital.*
  - (b) the Chief Health Officer or the Deputy Chief Health Officer may, in writing, grant permission for an end of life activity which involves:
    - (i) the person experiencing end of life and either:
      - (A) any other person (or people) who ordinarily reside at the same premises as that person; or
      - (B) 10 other people (with any infant under one year of age not counting towards this limit); and

- (ii) those people gathering indoors (including at a person's ordinary place of residence) or outdoors, or attending an entertainment or recreational facility which is permitted to operate in accordance with the Directions currently in force, but in each case only for a set period of time; and
- (c) in any case (other than at a person's ordinary place of residence), the total number of members of the public present at the same time in the space must not exceed the density quotient.

## PART 5 — OTHER PROVISIONS

### 8 Relationship with other Directions

- (1) If there is any inconsistency between Parts 2, 3 and 4 of these directions and the **Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions (No 12)**, Parts 2, 3 and 4 of these directions are inoperative to the extent of any inconsistency.
- (2) If there is any inconsistency between these directions and a direction or other requirement contained in a **Direction and Detention Notice**, these directions are inoperative to the extent of the inconsistency.
- (3) If there is any inconsistency between these directions and a direction or other requirement contained in the **Care Facilities Directions (No 14)**, these directions are inoperative to the extent of the inconsistency.

### 9 Definitions

For the purposes of these directions:

- (1) **Area Directions (No 9)** means the directions issued by the Chief Health Officer, setting out the **Restricted Area**;
- (2) **authorised celebrant** has the same meaning as in the **Marriage Act 1961** of the Commonwealth;
- (3) **approved emergency preparation activities** means **emergency preparation activities** that are the subject of an applicable **emergency preparation activities approval**;
- (4) **care facility** has the same meaning as in the **Care Facilities Directions (No 14)**;
- (5) **childcare or early childhood service** means onsite early childhood education and care services or children's services provided under the:
  - (a) **Education and Care Services National Law** and the **Education and Care Services National Regulations** including long day care services, kindergarten/preschool and family day care services, but does not include outside school hours care services; and
  - (b) **Children's Services Act 1996** including limited hours services, budget based funded services, occasional care services, early childhood intervention services, mobile services and (if applicable) school holiday care programs;

- (6) **density quotient** has the same meaning as in the **Workplace Directions (No 7)**;
- (7) **Direction and Detention Notice** means a notice given to a person requiring the person to be detained for a specified period;
- (8) **Directions currently in force** has the same meaning as in the **Area Directions (No 9)**;
- (9) **emergency preparation activities** means activities related to emergency preparedness in a municipal district in the **Restricted Area**;
- (10) **emergency preparation activities approval** means an approval in writing, including any conditions imposed by that approval, issued by a local council to undertake **emergency preparation activities** within the municipal district for which that local council is responsible;
- (11) **end of life** means:
  - (a) a situation where a person's death is expected within days (including periods of 14 days or longer), or where the person, with or without existing conditions, is at risk of dying from a sudden acute event; and
  - (b) does not mean a situation where a person has an advanced, progressive, incurable condition, or general frailty and co-existing conditions, that mean that the person is expected to die within 12 months (except where the situation also falls within paragraph (a));
- (12) **face covering** means a fitted face mask that covers the nose and mouth to provide the wearer protection against infection (but does not include a face shield);
- (13) **higher education services** means educational services provided at or by a university, vocational education and training providers (including registered training organisations), technical and further education (TAFE) institutes, adult community and further education, and other post-compulsory education or training;
- (14) **indoor space** means an area, room or **premises** that is or are substantially enclosed by a roof and walls that are permanent structures rising either from floor to ceiling or are at least 2.1 metres high, regardless of whether the roof or walls or any part of them are open or closed;
- (15) **member of the public** means a person but does not include:
  - (a) a person who is an employee of an operator of the facility or venue; or
  - (b) any other person who attends the facility or venue that is reasonably necessary for providing a service at the facility or venue;
- (16) **national security** has the meaning that security has in the **Australian Security Intelligence Organisation Act 1979** of the Commonwealth;
- (17) **outdoor space** means a space that is not an **indoor space**;
- (18) **Permitted Worker Permit** has the same meaning as in the **Permitted Worker Permit Scheme Directions (No 7)**;
- (19) **premises** means:

- (a) a building, or part of a building; and
  - (b) any land on which the building is located, other than land that is available for communal use;
- (20) **prison** has the same meaning as in the **Corrections Act 1986**;
- (21) **prisoner** has the same meaning as in the **Corrections Act 1986**;
- (22) **remand centre** has the same meaning as in the **Children, Youth and Families Act 2005**;
- (23) **Relevant Area** has the meaning in clause 1(2);
- (24) **Restricted Area** has the same meaning as in the **Area Directions (No 9)**;
- (25) **school** means a registered school as defined in the **Education and Training Reform Act 2006**;
- (26) **stay safe period** has the meaning in clause 4;
- (27) **vehicle** has the same meaning as in the PHW Act;
- (28) **youth justice centre** has the same meaning as in the **Children, Youth and Families Act 2005**;
- (29) **youth residential centre** has the same meaning as in the **Children, Youth and Families Act 2005**.

## 10 Penalties

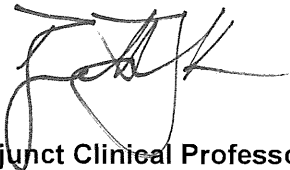
Section 203 of the PHW Act provides:

### **Compliance with direction or other requirement**

- (1) A person must not refuse or fail to comply with a direction given to the person, or a requirement made of the person, in the exercise of a power under an authorisation given under section 199.

Penalty:           In the case of a natural person, 120 penalty units;  
                          In the case of a body corporate, 600 penalty units.

- (2) A person is not guilty of an offence against subsection (1) if the person had a reasonable excuse for refusing or failing to comply with the direction or requirement.



**Adjunct Clinical Professor Brett Sutton**

Chief Health Officer, as authorised to exercise emergency powers under sections 20A and 199(2)(a) of the PHW Act.

18 October 2020